DUDEK

CITY OF NEWPORT BEACH

Urban Forest Analysis
(Corona Del Mar) and
Canopy Cover Analysis (Citywide)

Parks, Beaches & Recreation Commission Meeting

Item: VI-B

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Urban Forest Analysis

Project Background

- 1) Conduct an updated inventory of 3,353 tree sites within the Corona del Mar neighborhood.
- 2) Compare the inventory data to urban forest sustainability indicators.
- 3) Assess risks to pests and diseases.
- 4) Determine tree maintenance needs.
- 5 Provide management recommendations.

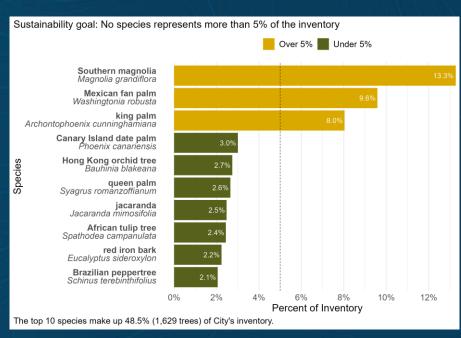


Sustainability Indicators — Species Diversity

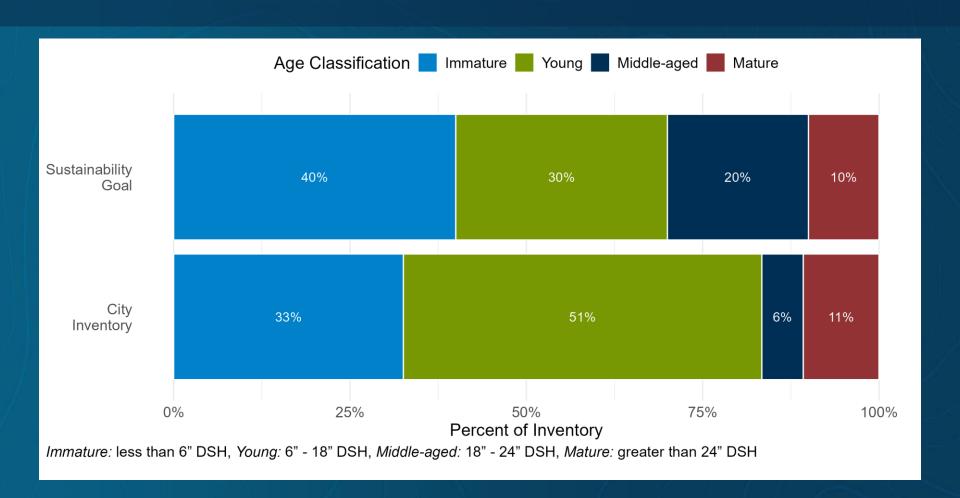
Genus Diversity (106)

Sustainability goal: No genus represents more than 10% of the inventory Over 10% Under 10% Magnolia Washingtonia Archontophoenix 8.0% Eucalyptus 4.7% Phoenix Bauhinia Prunus 2.9% Handroanthus Schinus 2.7% Syagrus 0% 10% Percent of Inventory The top 10 genus make up 55.7% (1,871 trees) of City's inventory.

Species Diversity (164)

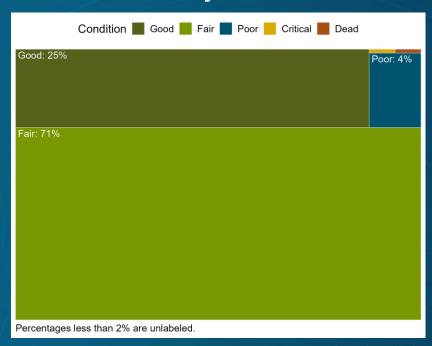


Sustainability Indicators — Age Diversity

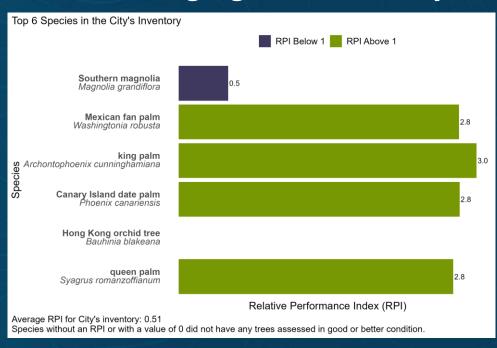


Sustainability Indicators — Condition

Inventory Condition

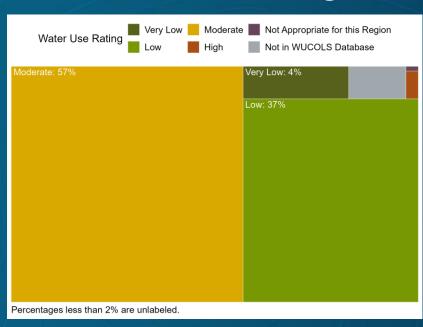


Rating Against Inventory

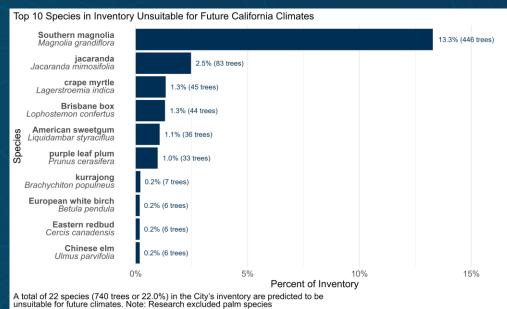


Sustainability Indicators — Climate Resiliency

Water Use Rating



Suitability for Future Climate



Pest and Disease Vulnerability

- South American Palm Weevil
 - Palms are 28% of CDM inventory
 - 93% of that population is vulnerable
 - Best control methods still not known
- Other potential pest and diseases common to Southern Ca.
- Monitor high risk species like Canary Island date palm, Ficus spp., Eucalyptus spp.



CDM Inventory Recommendations

- 233 Vacant Planting Sites
- 276 Structural Prune
- 20 for elevated risk assessment
- 28 Removals
- Overall trees in a safe and healthy (96% fair or good) condition
- Monitoring Plan for Magnolia Trees



Canopy Cover Analysis

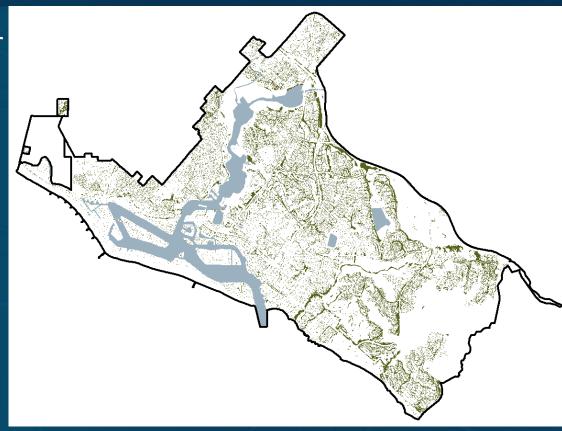
Project Background

- Conduct a City-wide canopy cover analysis.
- Summarize results by census tracts, zoning types, and parks.
- Set baseline for long-term planning.
- Provide recommendations.



Canopy Cover Analysis

- 2024 NAIP Imagery with .6 meter resolution.
- Machine learning classification:
 - Tree canopy
 - Vegetation
 - Bare earth
 - Impervious surfaces
 - Water

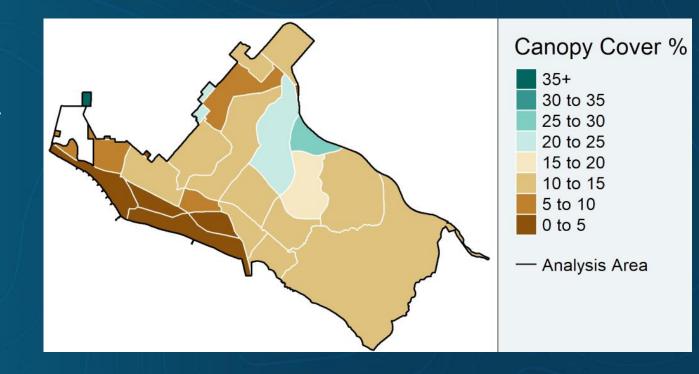


Canopy Cover Analysis

Land Cover Class	Acres	Percent
Tree canopy	2,159	13%
Low to medium vegetation	4,885	29%
Bare earth/non-photosynthetic vegetation	687	4%
Impervious	7,592	46%
Water	1,329	8%

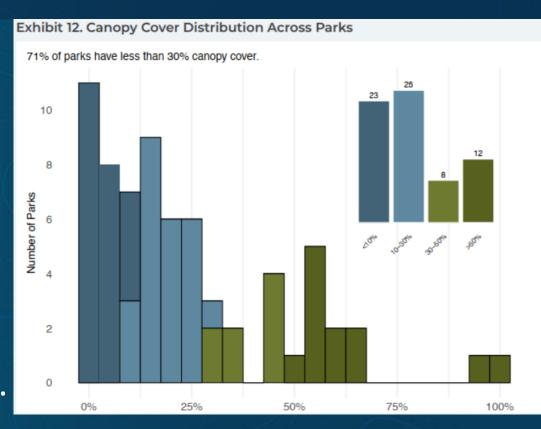
Canopy Cover Analysis – Census Tracts

- Coastal zone and Newport Preserve are lowest 9 (2% -7%).
- Relatively equal distribution throughout rest of the City.



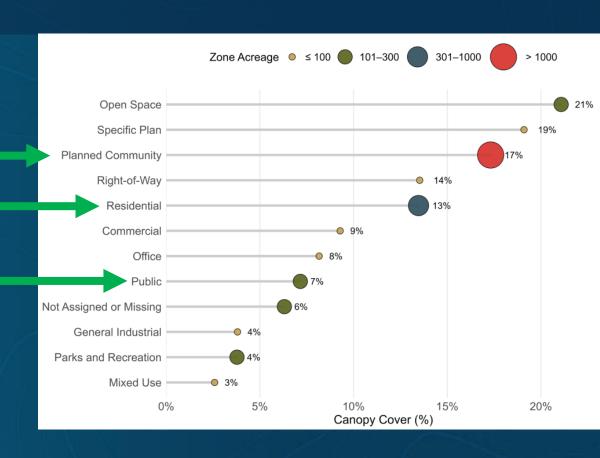
Canopy Cover Analysis – Parks

- 24% average across all parks.
- Only 6% of City canopy.
- Park use limits canopy potential.
- Canopy data for each park.



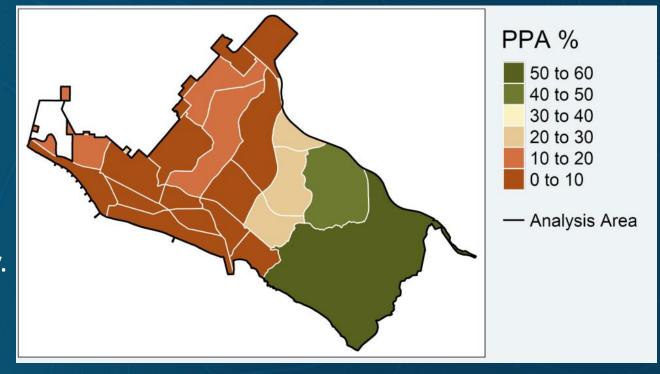
Canopy Cover Analysis – Zoning Types

 Planned community, residential, and public zone types likely offer best opportunities for tree planting based on canopy levels and total acreage.

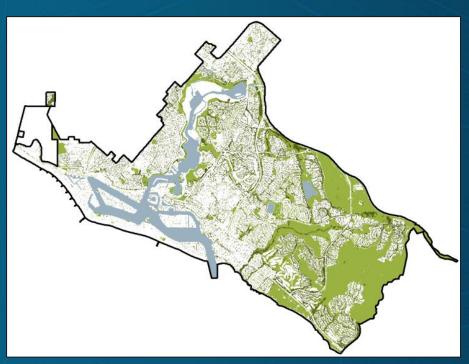


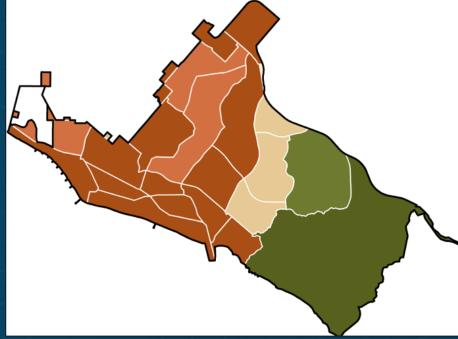
Canopy Cover Analysis - Possible Planting Area

- Western portion of city is developed, dense, water restrictions.
- East is open space, large lots, low density.
- Must make space for trees to increase canopy cover.



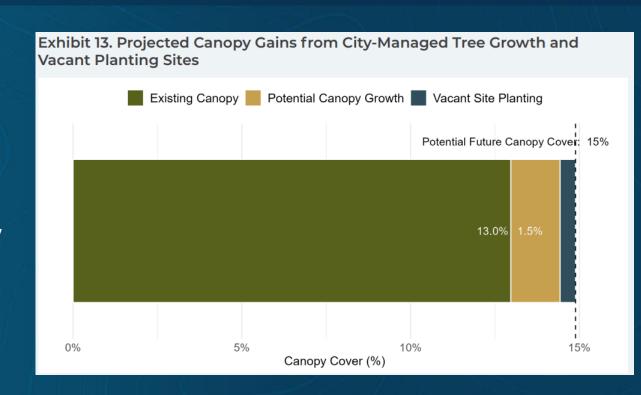
Canopy Cover Analysis – Possible Planting Area





Canopy Cover Analysis – Goal Setting

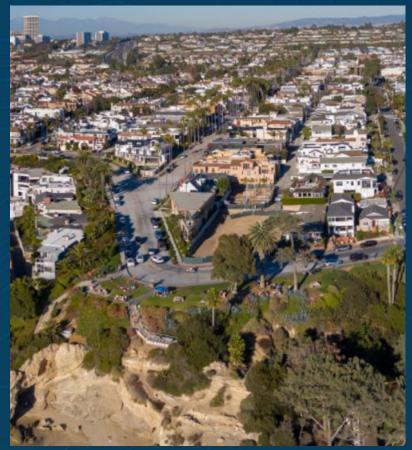
- 15% is likely with known data.
- Other factors:
 - Private property growth/loss
 - -CIP's
 - Development



Recommendations

City-Wide Recommendations

- Take steps towards establishing a citywide canopy cover target and align urban forestry efforts.
- Consider a private property tree protection ordinance.
- Refine data to create a planting strategy.
- Develop partnerships to support urban forestry goals.





Thank you!